

TOWN OF PLAINFIELD, NEW HAMPSHIRE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018 TABLE OF CONTENTS

		<u>PAGES</u>
	INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1 - 2
	BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
	Government-wide Financial Statements	2
A	Statement of Net Position	3
В	Fund Financial Statements	4
	Governmental Funds	
C-1	Balance Sheet	
C-2	Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	
C-3 C-4	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	7
C-4	Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	8
	Budgetary Comparison Information	
D	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -	
	Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) – General Fund	9
E-1	Fiduciary Funds Statement of Net Position	10
E-2	Statement of Changes in Net Position	
	NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
	REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
F	Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	32
G	Schedule of Town Contributions – Pensions	
	NOTE TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION -	
	PENSION LIABILITY	34
		2.5
H I	Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability	35 36
1		30
	NOTE TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LIABILITY	37
	OTHER POSTEMPLOTMENT BENEFITS LIABILITY	31
	COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES	
	Governmental Funds	
	Major General Fund	
1	Schedule of Estimated and Actual Revenues (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)	38
2	Schedule of Appropriations, Expenditures, and Encumbrances (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)	
3	Schedule of Changes in Unassigned Fund Balance	41
4	Combining Balance Sheet	42
5	Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.	



PLODZIK & SANDERSON

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of the Board of Selectmen Town of Plainfield Plainfield, New Hampshire

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Plainfield as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our unmodified and adverse audit opinions.

Summary of Opinions

Opinion UnitType of OpinionGovernmental ActivitiesAdverseGeneral FundUnmodifiedAggregate Remaining Fund InformationUnmodified

Basis for Adverse Opinion on Governmental Activities

As discussed in Note 14 to the financial statements, management has not recorded the long-term costs of retirement health care costs and obligations for other postemployment benefits for the single employer plan in the governmental activities. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that those costs be recorded, which would increase the liabilities, decrease the net position and increase the expenses of the governmental activities. The amount by which this departure would affect the liabilities, net position, and expenses on the governmental activities is not readily determinable.

Town of Plainfield Independent Auditor's Report

Adverse Opinion

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter described in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on Governmental Activities" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly the financial position of the government-wide financial statements of the Town of Plainfield, as of December 31, 2018, or the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the major fund and aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Plainfield as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 1-M to the financial statements, in fiscal year 2018 the Town adopted new accounting guidance Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. Our opinions are modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Management's Discussion and Analysis – Management has omitted a Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by the missing information.

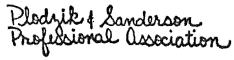
Required Supplementary Information – Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the following be presented to supplement the basic financial statements:

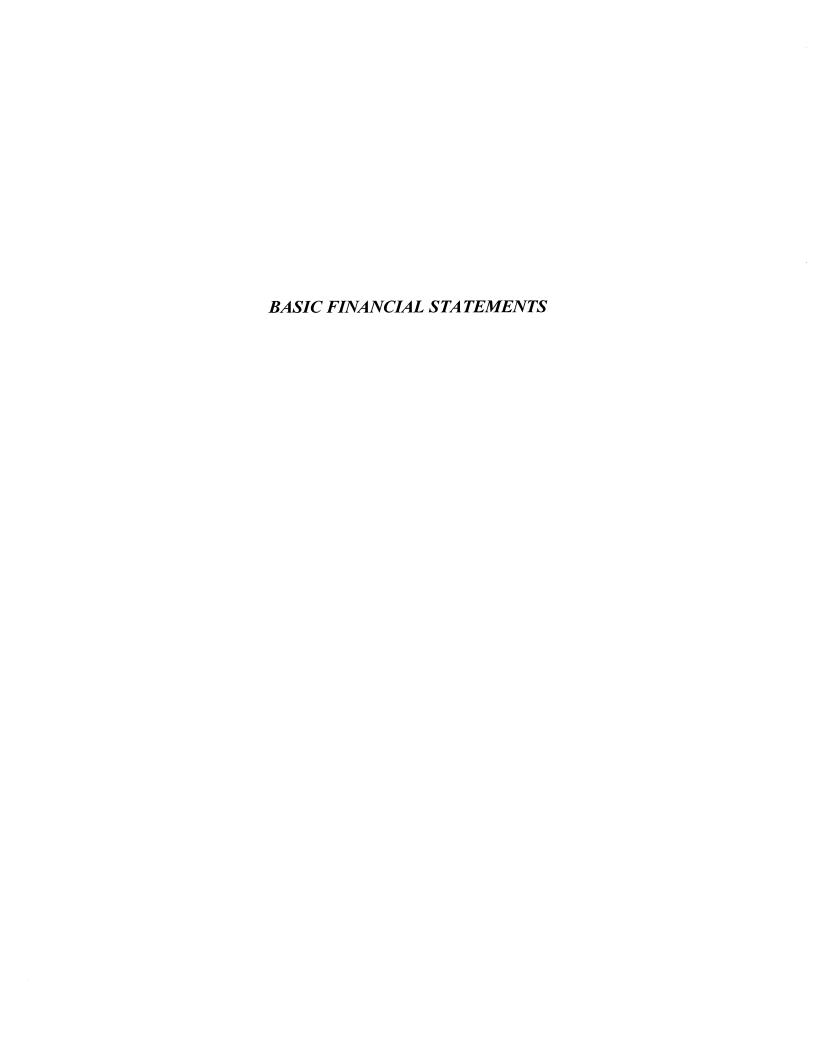
- Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability,
- Schedule of Town Contributions Pensions,
- Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability,
- Schedule of the Town Contributions Other Postemployment Benefits, and
- Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information - Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Plainfield's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.





${\it EXHIBIT A} \\ {\it TOWN OF PLAINFIELD, NEW HAMPSHIRE}$

Statement of Net Position December 31, 2018

ACCEPTE		Activities Activities
ASSETS	\$	4 114 900
Cash and cash equivalents	2	4,114,800
Investments Tayon received for (net)		903,762
Taxes receivables (net) Account receivables		388,512
		11,938 809
Intergovernmental receivable		809
Capital assets:		021 002
Land and construction in progress		921,002
Other capital assets, net of depreciation Total assets		1,237,639
Total assets		7,578,462
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Amounts related to pensions		238,610
Amounts related to other postemployment benefits		12,936
Total deferred outflows of resources		251,546
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		37,062
Accrued interest payable		563
Intergovernmental payable		3,222,285
Long-term liabilities:		
Due within one year		14,042
Due in more than one year		1,393,369
Total liabilities		4,667,321
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Amounts related to pensions		86,188
Amounts related to other postemployment benefits		323
Total deferred inflows of resources		86,511
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		2,115,413
Restricted		615,457
Unrestricted		345,306
Total net position	\$	3,076,176

EXHIBIT B TOWN OF PLAINFIELD, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2018

		Progran	n Revenues	Net (Expense)
		Charges	Operating	Revenue and
		for	Grants and	Change In
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Net Position
General government	\$ 511,199	\$ 17,884	\$ -	\$ (493,315)
Public safety	669,436	1,192	-	(668,244)
Highways and streets	1,053,061	3,906	217,525	(831,630)
Sanitation	221,083	10,613	-	(210,470)
Health	11,845	-	-	(11,845)
Welfare	21,396	7,165	-	(14,231)
Culture and recreation	222,450	5,672	-	(216,778)
Conservation	734		<u>-</u>	(734)
Total governmental activities	\$ 2,711,204	\$ 46,432	\$ 217,525	(2,447,247)
General revenues:				
Taxes:				
Property				1,607,989
Other				70,769
Motor vehicle permit fe	es			586,763
Licenses and other fees				101,272
Grants and contribution	s not restricted to	specific program	ns	144,436
Unrestricted investment	earnings			26,662
Miscellaneous				53,532
Total general reven	ues			2,591,423
Change in net position				144,176
Net position, beginning, a	s restated (see N	ote 18)		2,932,000
Net position, ending				\$ 3,076,176

EXHIBIT C-1 TOWN OF PLAINFIELD, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet December 31, 2018

	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,052,653	\$ 62,147	\$ 4,114,800
Investments	477,255	426,507	903,762
Tax receivable	428,512	-	428,512
Accounts receivable	11,938	-	11,938
Intergovernmental receivable	809	-	809
Interfund receivable	_	17,500	17,500
Total assets	\$ 4,971,167	\$ 506,154	\$ 5,477,321
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$ 37,062	\$ -	\$ 37,062
Intergovernmental payable	3,222,285	-	3,222,285
Interfund payable	17,500	-	17,500
Total liabilities	3,276,847	_	3,276,847
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable revenue - Property taxes	65,047	_	65,047
FUND BALANCES			
Nonspendable	-	375,612	375,612
Restricted	234,837	5,008	239,845
Committed	499,265	125,534	624,799
Assigned	1,302	-	1,302
Unassigned	893,869		893,869
Total fund balances	1,629,273	506,154	2,135,427
Total liabilities, deferred inflows			
of resources, and fund balances	\$ 4,971,167	\$ 506,154	\$ 5,477,321

EXHIBIT C-2

TOWN OF PLAINFIELD, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Total fund balances of governmental funds (Exhibit C-1)		\$ 2,135,427
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Cost	\$ 3,773,458	
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,614,817)	
		2,158,641
Pension and other postemployment benefit (OPEB) related deferred outflows of		
resources and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current year, and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds as follows:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	\$ 238,610	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(86,188)	
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	12,936	
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(323)	165.025
Interfund receivables and payables between governmental funds are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position.		165,035
Receivables	\$ (17,500)	
Payables	17,500)	
•		-
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures, and therefore, are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.		65,047
Allowance for uncollectible property taxes that is recognized on a full accrual basis		
but not on the modified accrual basis.		(40,000)
Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds.		
Accrued interest payable		(563)
• •		(200)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period,		
therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	¢ 42.220	
Capital leases Compensated absences	\$ 43,228 64,453	
Net pension liability	1,197,951	
Other postemployment benefits	1,197,931	
onter posternito ment centento	101,117	(1,407,411)
Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit A)		\$ 3.076,176
The position of governmental activities (Damon 11)		Ψ 5,070,170

EXHIBIT C-3 TOWN OF PLAINFIELD, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2018

DEVIDATES	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES	Ф. 1.775.047	ф. 17 500	ft 1 (00 54)
Taxes	\$ 1,675,046	\$ 17,500	\$ 1,692,546
Licenses and permits	688,035	-	688,035
Intergovernmental	361,961	-	361,961
Charges for services	46,432	24.222	46,432
Miscellaneous	45,871	34,323	80,194
Total revenues	2,817,345	51,823	2,869,168
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General government	499,117	-	499,117
Public safety	614,554	-	614,554
Highways and streets	1,103,062	-	1,103,062
Sanitation	221,083	-	221,083
Health	11,845	-	11,845
Welfare	21,396	-	21,396
Culture and recreation	220,783	-	220,783
Conservation	734	-	734
Debt service:			
Principal	12,500	-	12,500
Interest	145	-	145
Total expenditures	2,705,219	_	2,705,219
Excess of revenues over expenditures	112,126	51,823	163,949
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	16,370	-	16,370
Transfers out	· -	(16,370)	(16,370)
Total other financing sources (uses)	16,370	(16,370)	
Net change in fund balances	128,496	35,453	163,949
Fund balances, beginning	1,500,777	470,701	1,971,478
Fund balances, ending	\$ 1,629,273	\$ 506,154	\$ 2,135,427

EXHIBIT C-4

TOWN OF PLAINFIELD, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures, while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets. Capital outlay expenditures exceeded depreciation expense in the current year, as follows: Capitalized capital outlay Experimental funds are eliminated on the Statement of Activities. Transfers in and out between governmental funds are eliminated on the Statement of Activities. Transfers in and out between governmental funds are eliminated on the Statement of Activities. Transfers in and out between governmental funds are eliminated on the Statement of Activities. Transfers in and the Statement of Activities that does not provide current financial resources is not reported as revenue in the governmental funds. Change in deferred tax revenue Change in deferred tax revenue in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of capital leases Repayment of capital leases Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Decrease in accrued interest expense Some expenses in accrued interest expense Poercase in accrued interest expense Some expenses in accrued interest expense Some expenses in accrued interest expense Some expense in accrued interest expense Some expense in accrued interest expense Governmental funds. Change in net other postemployment benefits liability and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions Net change in net other postemployment benefits liability and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions Net change in net other postemployment benefits liability and deferred outflows and inflows of resources	Net change in fund balances of governmental funds (Exhibit C-3)		\$ 163,949
activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets. Capital outlay expenditures exceeded depreciation expense in the current year, as follows: Capitalized capital outlay Depreciation expense Capitalized capital outlay Separate Transfers in and out between governmental funds are eliminated on the Statement of Activities Transfers in and out between governmental funds are eliminated on the Statement of Activities that does not provide current financial resources in not reported as revenue in the governmental funds. Change in deferred tax revenue (13,788) The repayment of long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of note principal Repayment of capital leases 13,702 26,202 Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Decrease in accrued interest expense Poercase in accrued interest expense (9,498) Net change in net pension liability, and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions Net change in net other postemployment benefits liability and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits outflows and inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits (94,426)			
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Transfers in and out between governmental funds are eliminated on the Statement of Activities. Transfers in \$ (16,370) 16,370 1	Capitalized capital outlay	\$ 216,205	
Transfers in and out between governmental funds are eliminated on the Statement of Activities. Transfers in Transfers out Revenue in the Statement of Activities that does not provide current financial resources is not reported as revenue in the governmental funds. Change in deferred tax revenue Change in deferred tax revenue The repayment of long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of note principal \$12,500 Repayment of capital leases 13,702 26,202 Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Decrease in accrued interest expense \$907 Increase in compensated absences payable (9,498) Net change in net pension liability, and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions (55,676) Net change in net other postemployment benefits liability and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits (30,159) [94,426]	Depreciation expense	(153,966)	
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resources is not reported as revenue in the governmental funds. Change in deferred tax revenue The repayment of long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of note principal \$12,500 Repayment of capital leases 13,702 26,202 Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Decrease in accrued interest expense \$907 Increase in compensated absences payable (9,498) Net change in net pension liability, and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions (55,676) Net change in net other postemployment benefits liability and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits (94,426)			-
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Repayment of capital leases Repayment of capital leases 13,702 26,202 Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Decrease in accrued interest expense Decrease in compensated absences payable Net change in net pension liability, and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions Net change in net other postemployment benefits liability and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits (30,159)			
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Decrease in accrued interest expense \$907 Increase in compensated absences payable (9,498) Net change in net pension liability, and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions Net change in net other postemployment benefits liability and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits (30,159)	Repayment of note principal	\$ 12,500	
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Decrease in accrued interest expense \$907 Increase in compensated absences payable (9,498) Net change in net pension liability, and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions (55,676) Net change in net other postemployment benefits liability and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits (30,159)	Repayment of capital leases	13,702	
use of current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Decrease in accrued interest expense \$907 Increase in compensated absences payable (9,498) Net change in net pension liability, and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions (55,676) Net change in net other postemployment benefits liability and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits (30,159)			26,202
governmental funds. Decrease in accrued interest expense \$907 Increase in compensated absences payable (9,498) Net change in net pension liability, and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions Net change in net other postemployment benefits liability and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits (30,159) (94,426)	Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the		
Decrease in accrued interest expense \$907 Increase in compensated absences payable (9,498) Net change in net pension liability, and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions Net change in net other postemployment benefits liability and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits (30,159) (94,426)	use of current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in		
Increase in compensated absences payable Net change in net pension liability, and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions Net change in net other postemployment benefits liability and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits (30,159) (94,426)	governmental funds.		
Net change in net pension liability, and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions Net change in net other postemployment benefits liability and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits (30,159) (94,426)	Decrease in accrued interest expense	\$ 907	
outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions Net change in net other postemployment benefits liability and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits (30,159) (94,426)	Increase in compensated absences payable	(9,498)	
Net change in net other postemployment benefits liability and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits (30,159) (94,426)	Net change in net pension liability, and deferred		
outflows and inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits (30,159) (94,426)	outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions	(55,676)	
(94,426)	Net change in net other postemployment benefits liability and deferred		
	outflows and inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits	(30,159)	
Changes in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit B) \$ 144,176			(94,426)
	Changes in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit B)		\$ 144,176

EXHIBIT D

$TOWN\ OF\ PLAINFIELD,\ NEW\ HAMPSHIRE$

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)

General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2018

				Variance
		d Amounts		Positive
	<u>Original</u>	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 1,643,324	\$ 1,643,324	\$ 1,661,258	\$ 17,934
Licenses and permits	616,000	616,000	688,035	72,035
Intergovernmental	261,761	361,051	361,961	910
Charges for services	40,500	40,500	46,432	5,932
Miscellaneous	6,000	11,000	20,757	9,757
Total revenues	2,567,585	2,671,875	2,778,443	106,568
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	451,055	502,253	499,117	3,136
Public safety	597,438	597,438	614,554	(17,116)
Highways and streets	854,420	1,136,917	1,103,062	33,855
Sanitation	216,310	216,310	221,083	(4,773)
Health	18,985	18,985	11,845	7,140
Welfare	10,000	14,494	21,396	(6,902)
Culture and recreation	173,727	197,271	191,378	5,893
Conservation	500	500	734	(234)
Debt service:				
Principal	12,500	12,500	12,500	-
Interest	150	150	145	5
Total expenditures	2,335,085	2,696,818	2,675,814	21,004
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	232,500	(24,943)	102,629	127,572
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	10,000	267,443	275,933	8,490
Transfers out	(242,500)	(242,500)	(242,500)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(232,500)	24,943	33,433	8,490
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	_\$	136,062	\$ 136,062
Unassigned fund balance, beginning			782,854	
Unassigned fund balance, ending			\$ 918,916	

EXHIBIT E-1 TOWN OF PLAINFIELD, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Net Position December 31, 2018

ACCETC	Private Purpose Trust	Agency
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments Total assets	\$ 31,109 159,420 \$ 190,529	\$ 27,672 511,920 \$ 539,592
LIABILITIES Intergovernmental payable	\$ -	\$ 539,592
NET POSITION Held in trust for specific purposes	\$ 190,529	

EXHIBIT E-2 TOWN OF PLAINFIELD, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Fiduciary Funds

Statement of Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Private Purpose Trust
ADDITIONS	
New funds	\$ 3,000
Interest	4,633
Change in fair market value	(23,289)
Total additions	(15,656)
DEDUCTIONS	
Trust income distributions	(2,090)
Change in net position	(17,746)
Net position, beginning	208,275
Net position, ending	\$ 190,529

TOWN OF PLAINFIELD, NEW HAMPSHIRE

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Company of Circuit Annual Company Delicies	<u>NC</u>
Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	1
Basis of Accounting, and Measurement Focus	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	
Investments	
Receivables	
Capital Assets	1
Interfund Activities	1-
Property Taxes	1
Accounts Payable	
Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources	
Long-term Obligations	
Compensated Absences	
Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)	
Defined Benefit Pension Plan	
Net Position/Fund Balances	
Ose of Estimates	
Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability	2
Budgetary Information	
Budgetary Reconciliation to GAAP Basis	
Accounting Change/Restatement	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	
Taxes Receivable	
Other Receivables	
Capital Assets	7
Interfund Balances and Transfers	8
Intergovernmental Payables	9
Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources	
Capital Lease Obligations	
Long-term Liabilities	
Defined Benefit Pension Plan	
Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)	
New Hampshire Retirement System (NHRS)	
Encumbrances	1
Governmental Activities Net Position	1
Governmental Fund Balances	1
Prior Period Adjustment	
Risk Management	1
Subsequent Events	2

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Town of Plainfield, New Hampshire (the Town), have been prepared in conformity with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources.

In 2018 the Town implemented GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, which changed the way other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liabilities and related expenses are recorded. See Note 1-M for further information on this pronouncement.

The more significant of the Town's accounting policies are described below.

1-A Reporting Entity

The Town of Plainfield is a municipal corporation governed by an elected 3-member Board of Selectmen. In evaluating how to define the Town for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity is made by applying the criteria set forth by the GASB. The Town has no component units to include in its reporting entity.

1-B Basis of Accounting, and Measurement Focus

The accounts of the Town are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Town's government-wide financial statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These statements present summaries of governmental activities for the Town accompanied by a total column. Fiduciary activities of the Town are not included in these statements.

These statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the Town's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, including capital assets and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position, with the exception of the long-term costs of retirement healthcare and obligations for other postemployment benefits of the Town's single employer plan have also been omitted because the liability and expense have not been determined. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. As in the Statement of Net Position the Town has not recorded the other postemployment benefit expense of the Town's single employer plan in this statement. The types of transactions reported as program revenues for the Town are reported in two categories: 1) charges for services and 2) operating grants and contributions.

Certain eliminations have been made to interfund activities, payables, and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements – Include a balance sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds and nonmajor funds aggregated. An accompanying statement is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in fund balances and changes in fund balances as presented in these statements to the net position and changes in net position presented in the government-wide financial statements. The Town has presented all major funds that met those qualifications.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the *modified accrual basis* of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town generally considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, with the exception of reimbursement-based grants, which use a period of one year. Property

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

taxes, licenses and permits, intergovernmental revenue, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due.

The Town reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund – is the Town's primary operating fund. The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources include property taxes, State grants and motor vehicle permit fees. The primary expenditures are for general government, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, culture and recreation, debt service and capital outlay. Under GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, guidance the library and expendable trust funds are consolidated in the general fund.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds – are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Permanent Fund – are held in the custody of the Trustees of Trust Funds and are used to account for resources held in trust for use by the Town. These can include legal trusts for which the interest on the corpus provides funds for the Town's cemetery operations.

All the governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements. The Town reports four nonmajor governmental funds.

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements – Include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Net Position. The Town's fiduciary funds are private purpose trust and agency funds, which are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. These funds are accounted for on a spending or "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The Town also reports the following fiduciary funds:

Private Purpose Trust Fund – are used to report trust arrangements, other than pension and investment trusts, under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Agency Fund – are custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of operating results. An agency fund is used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments.

1-C Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Deposits with financial institutions consist primarily of demand deposits and savings accounts.

The treasurer is required to deposit such moneys in solvent banks in state or the Public Deposit Investment Pool pursuant to New Hampshire RSA 383:22. Funds may be deposited in banks outside of the state if such banks pledge and deliver to a third party custodial bank or the Federal Reserve Bank, collateral security for such deposits, United States government or government agency obligations or obligations to the State of New Hampshire in value at least equal to the amount of the deposit in each case.

1-D Investments

State statutes place certain limitations on the nature of deposits and investments available as follows:

New Hampshire law authorizes the Town to invest in the following type of obligations:

- Obligations of the United States government,
- The public deposit investment pool established pursuant to RSA 383:22,
- Savings bank deposits,
- Certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements of banks incorporated under the laws of the State of New Hampshire or in banks recognized by the State treasurer.

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Any person who directly or indirectly receives any such funds or moneys for deposit or for investment in securities of any kind shall, prior to acceptance of such funds, make available at the time of such deposit or investment an option to have such funds secured by collateral having a value at least equal to the amount of such funds. Such collateral shall be segregated for the exclusive benefit of the Town. Only securities defined by the bank commissioner as provided by rules adopted pursuant to RSA 386:57 shall be eligible to be pledged as collateral.

Fair Value Measurements of Investments – In accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, except for investments measured using net asset value (NAV) as a practical expedient to estimate fair value, the Town categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments within the fair value hierarchy established by US GAAP. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used for fair value measurement into three levels as follows:

Level 1 – Inputs reflect quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Town has the ability to access at the measurement date. Directly held marketable equity securities would be examples of Level 1 investments.

Level 2 – Inputs are other than quoted prices that are observable for the assets or liabilities, either directly or indirectly, including inputs in markets that are not considered to be active. Because they most often are priced on the basis of transactions involving similar but not identical securities or do not trade with sufficient frequency, certain directly held fixed income securities are categorized in Level 2. All of the Town's holdings in New Hampshire Public Deposit Investment Pool (NHPDIP), U.S. government obligations, and corporate bonds would be examples of Level 2 investments.

Level 3 – Inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs and the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs. In certain instances where the determination of the fair value measurement is based on inputs from different levels of the fair value hierarchy, is the level in the fair value hierarchy based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Investments are reported at fair value. If an investment is held directly by the Town and an active market with quoted prices exists, such as for domestic equity securities, the market price of an identical security is used to report fair value and is classified in Level 1. Corporate fixed income securities and certain governmental securities utilize pricing that may involve estimation using similar securities or trade dates and are classified in Level 2. Fair values for shares in registered mutual funds and exchange-traded funds are based on published share prices and classified in Level 1.

In determining fair value, the Town utilizes valuation techniques that maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs to the extent possible.

Investments in Certain External Investment Pools – In accordance with GASB Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*, the Town held investments with the New Hampshire Public Deposit Investment Pool (NHPDIP) are categorized as Level 2. The NHPDIP measures all of its investments at amortized cost. There are no redemption restrictions and shares may be redeemed by the Town in accordance with the NHPDIP's Information Statement.

1-E Receivables

Receivables recorded in the financial statements represent amounts due to the Town at December 31. They are aggregated into a single accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles) line for certain funds and aggregated columns. They consist primarily of taxes, billing for charges, and other user fees.

1-F Capital Assets

Capital assets include property, plant, and equipment, infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) which are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. The accounting and reporting treatment applied to capital assets associated with a fund are determined by the fund's measurement focus. General capital assets are assets of the Town as a whole. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in a governmental fund and capitalized as assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

TOWN OF PLAINFIELD, NEW HAMPSHIRE NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are carried at historical cost or estimated historical cost. When the cost of the capital assets cannot be determined from available records, estimated historical cost is used. Donated capital assets received on or prior to June 15, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 15, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Capital assets of the Town are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Capital Asset Classes:	
Buildings	150
Equipment and vehicles	5 - 25
Infrastructure	12 - 30

1-G Interfund Activities

Interfund activities are reported as follows:

Interfund Receivables and Payables – Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position.

Interfund Transfers – Interfund transfers represent flows of assets without equivalent flows of assets in return and without a requirement for repayment. In governmental funds, transfers are reported as other financing uses in the funds making the transfers and other financing sources in the funds receiving the transfers. In the government-wide financial statements, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

1-H Property Taxes

Property tax billings occur semi-annually and are based on the assessed inventory values as of April 1 of each year in accordance with RSA 76:15-a, *Semi-Annual Collection of Taxes in certain Towns and Cities*. Warrants for the year were issued on May 21, 2018 and October 9, 2018, and due on July 1, 2018 and December 1, 2018. Interest accrues at a rate of 12% on bills outstanding after the due date and 18% on tax liens outstanding.

In connection with the setting of the tax rate, Town officials with the approval of the Department of Revenue Administration, establish and raise through taxation an amount for tax abatement and refunds, known as overlay. This amount is reported as a reduction in tax revenue and is adjusted by management for any reserve for uncollectable at year-end. The property taxes collected by the Town include taxes levied for the State of New Hampshire, Plainfield School District, Meriden Village Water District, Plainfield Water District, and Sullivan County, which are remitted to these entities as required by law.

The Town net assessed valuation as of April 1, 2018 utilized in the setting of the tax rate was as follows:

For the New Hampshire education tax	\$ 292,960,910
For all other taxes	\$ 300,586,910

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

The tax rates and amounts assessed for the year ended December 31, 2018 were as follows:

	Per \$1,000	Property
	of Assessed	Taxes
	Valuation	Assessed
Municipal portion	\$5.56	\$ 1,671,385
School portion:		
State of New Hampshire	\$2.03	593,999
Local	\$16.73	5,028,286
County portion	\$2.58	776,637
Total		\$ 8,070,307

1-I Accounts Payable

Accounts payable represent the gross amount of expenditures or expenses incurred as a result of normal operations, but for which no actual payment has yet been issued to vendors/providers as of December 31, 2018.

1-J Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources, a separate financial statement element, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and thus will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses) until then. Deferred outflows of resources consist of unrecognized items not yet charged to pension and OPEB expense and contributions from the Town after the measurement date but before the end of the Town's reporting period.

Deferred inflows of resources, a separate financial statement element, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources in the governmental fund financial statements represent the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources consist of property tax receivables not collected within 60 days after year-end.

1-K Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities Statement of Net Position.

1-L Compensated Absences

Vacation - The Town's policy allows certain employees to earn varying amounts of vacation based on the employee's length of employment. Upon separation from service, employees are paid in full for any accrued leave earned as set forth by personnel policy. The liability for such leave is reported as incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured as a result of employee resignations or retirements.

Sick Leave - Accumulated sick leave lapses when employees leave the employ of the Town and, upon separation from service, no monetary obligation exists.

1-M Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

The Town maintains two separate other postemployment benefit plans, as follows:

New Hampshire Retirement System Plan – For the purposes of measuring the total other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the New Hampshire Retirement System OPEB Plan (the plan) and additions to/deductions

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

from the plan's fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the New Hampshire Retirement System. For this purpose, the plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except money market investments and participating interest earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Single Employer Plan – The Town maintains a single employer plan, but has not obtained an actuarial report calculating the other postemployment benefit liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources in accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board Pronouncement No. 75.

1-N Defined Benefit Pension Plan

GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and as amended by GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date and GASB Statement No. 82 Pension Issues – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 67, No. 68 and No.73 requires participating employers to recognize their proportionate share of collective net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense, and schedules have been prepared to provide employers with their calculated proportionate share of these amounts. The collective amounts have been allocated based on employer contributions during the respective fiscal years. Contributions from employers are recognized when legally due, based on statutory requirements.

The schedules prepared by New Hampshire Retirement System, and audited by the plan's independent auditors, require management to make a number of estimates and assumptions related to the reported amounts. Due to the inherent nature and uncertainty of these estimates, actual results could differ, and the differences may be material.

1-O Net Position/Fund Balances

Government-wide Statements – Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Net investment in capital assets – Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding balances of any notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets.

Restricted net position – Results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed by a third party (statutory, bond covenant, or granting agency) or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Town typically uses restricted assets first, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively defer the use until a further project.

Unrestricted net position – Consists of net position not meeting the definition of the preceding categories. Unrestricted net position is often subject to constraints imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

Fund Balance Classifications – GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make sure the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances are more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable – Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (such as prepaid items, inventory or tax deeded property subject to resale); or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the legislative body (Town Meeting). These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the legislative body removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Assigned – Amounts that are constrained by the Town's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Board of Selectmen through the budgetary process.

Unassigned – Amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

When multiple net position/fund balance classifications are available for use, it is the government's policy to utilize the most restricted balances first, then the next most restricted balance as needed. When components of unrestricted fund balance are used, committed fund balance is depleted first followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

In the general fund, the Town strives to maintain an unassigned fund balance to be used for unanticipated emergencies of approximately 5-10% of the total property tax commitment.

1-P Use of Estimates

The financial statements and related disclosures are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and revenues and expenses during the period reported. These estimates include assessing the collectability of accounts receivable, and the useful lives and impairment of capital assets, among others. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically and the effects of revisions are reflected in the financial statements in the period they are determined to be necessary. Actual results could differ from estimates.

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

2-A Budgetary Information

General governmental revenues and expenditures accounted for in budgetary funds are controlled by a formal integrated budgetary accounting system in accordance with various legal requirements which govern the Town's operations. At its annual meeting, the Town adopts a budget for the current year for the general fund. Except as reconciled below, the budget was adopted on a basis consistent with US generally accepted accounting principles.

Management may transfer appropriations between operating categories as deemed necessary, but expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations in total. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end unless encumbered.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and continuing appropriations (certain projects and specific items not fully expended at year-end) are recognized, is employed in the governmental funds. Encumbrances are not the equivalent of expenditures, and are therefore, reported as part of the assigned fund balance at year-end, and are carried forward to supplement appropriations of the subsequent year.

State statutes require balanced budgets, but provide for the use of beginning unassigned fund balance to achieve that end. For the fiscal year 2018, none of the beginning general fund unassigned fund balance was applied for this purpose.

2-B Budgetary Reconciliation to GAAP Basis

The Town employs certain accounting principles for budgetary reporting purposes that differ from a GAAP basis. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis presents the actual results to provide a comparison with the budget. The major difference between the budgetary basis and GAAP basis is as follows:

Encumbrances outstanding at year-end do not represent GAAP expenditures or liabilities but represent budgetary accounting controls. Governmental fund budgets are maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting except that budgetary basis expenditures include purchase orders and commitments (encumbrances) for goods or services not received at year-end. Encumbrances are recorded to reserve a portion of fund balance in the governmental fund types for commitments for which no liability exists.

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

The following reconciles the general fund budgetary basis to the GAAP basis:

Per Exhibit D (budgetary basis) \$ 3,054 Adjustment:	,376
Adjustment:	
J	
Basis difference:	
GASB Statement No. 54:	
To record miscellaneous income of the blended funds	,114
To eliminate transfers between blended funds (259)	,563)
Change in deferred tax revenue relating to 60-day revenue recognition	
recognized as revenue on the GAAP basis, but not on the budgetary basis 13	,788
Per Exhibit C-3 (GAAP basis) \$ 2,833	,715
Expenditures and other financing uses:	
Per Exhibit D (budgetary basis) \$ 2,918	,314
Adjustment:	
Basis differences:	
Encumbrances, beginning 4	,000
Encumbrances, ending (1	,302)
GASB Statement No. 54:	
To record expenditures of the blended funds during the year 26	,707
To eliminate transfers between general and blended funds (242)	,500)
Per Exhibit C-3 (GAAP basis) \$ 2,705	,219

2-C Accounting Change/Restatement

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB), was implemented during fiscal year 2018. The revised requirements establish new financial reporting requirements for state and local governments which provide their employees with OPEB benefits, including additional note disclosure and required supplementary information. In addition, GASB Statement No. 75 requires a state or local government employer to use the entry age normal actuarial cost method and requires deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources which arise from other types of events related to OPEB to be recognized. Beginning net position for governmental activities was restated to retroactively report the change in valuation of the beginning total OPEB liability, deferred inflows and outflows of resources, as follows:

	State
	OPEB
Change in total OPEB liability under current standards, January 1	\$ (67,856)
Initial balance of deferred outflows of resources	9,063
Initial balance of deferred inflows of resources	(214)
Cumulative restatement related to GASB No. 75 implementation (see Note 18)	\$ (59,007)

DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

NOTE 3 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Town's deposits are entirely covered by federal depository insurance (FDIC) or by collateral held by the Town's agent in the Town's name. The FDIC currently insures the first \$250,000 of the Town's deposits at each financial institution, per case custodian. Deposit balances over \$250,000 are insured by the collateral. As of year-end, the carrying amount of the Town's deposits was \$4,173,581 and the bank balances totaled \$4,239,677. Petty cash totaled \$297.

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Cash and cash equivalents reconciliation:

Cash per Statement of Net Position (Exhibit A)	\$ 4,114,800
Cash per Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Fund (Exhibit E-1)	58,781
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,173,581

NOTE 4 – INVESTMENTS

Note 1-D describes statutory requirements covering the investment of the Town funds. The Town holds investments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Because investing is not a core part of the Town's mission, the Town determines that the disclosures related to these investments only need to be disaggregated by major type. The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The Town has the following recurring fair value measurements and maturities as of December 31, 2018:

	Valuation	
	Measurement	
_	Method	Fair Value
Investments type:		
Equity mutual funds	Level 1	\$ 274,443
Fixed income mutual funds	Level 2	1,189,032
New Hampshire Public Deposit Investment Pool	Level 2	111,627
Total fair value		\$ 1,575,102

Investment reconciliation:

Investments per Statement of Net Position (Exhibit A)	\$ 903,762
Investments per Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds (Exhibit E-1)	671,340
Total investments	\$ 1,575,102

NOTE 5 - TAXES RECEIVABLE

Taxes receivable represent the amount of current and prior year taxes which have not been collected as of December 31, 2018. The amount has been reduced by an allowance for an estimated uncollectible amount of \$40,000. Taxes receivable by year are as follows:

	As reported on:	
	Exhibit A Exhibit C-1	
Property:		
Levy of 2018	\$ 249,562	\$ 249,562
Unredeemed (under tax lien):		
Levy of 2017	98,311	98,311
Levy of 2016	61,576	61,576
Levies of 2015 and prior	19,063	19,063
Less: allowance for estimated uncollectible taxes	(40,000) *	
Net taxes receivable	\$ 388,512	\$ 428,512

^{*}The allowance for uncollectible property taxes is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting (Exhibit C-1 and C-3) due to the 60-day rule as explained in Note 1-B. However, the allowance is recognized under the full accrual basis of accounting (Exhibits A and B).

NOTE 6 – OTHER RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2018, consisted of accounts (refuse charges) and intergovernmental amounts (fuel usage). Receivables are recorded on the Town's financial statements to the extent that the amounts are determined to be material and substantiated not only by supporting documentation, but also by a reasonable, systematic method of determining their existence, completeness, valuation, and collectability.

TOWN OF PLAINFIELD, NEW HAMPSHIRE NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDEL DECEMBER 31, 2018

NOTE 7 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2018 is as follows:

	Balance,		Balance,
	beginning	Additions	ending
At cost:			
Not being depreciated:			
Land	\$ 921,002	\$ -	\$ 921,002
Being depreciated:	•		
Buildings	340,339	-	340,339
Equipment and vehicles	1,326,828	-	1,326,828
Infrastructure	969,084	216,205	1,185,289
Total capital assets being depreciated	2,636,251	216,205	2,852,456
Total all capital assets	3,557,253	216,205	3,773,458
Less accumulated depreciation:			_
Buildings	(98,456)	(2,221)	(100,677)
Equipment and vehicles	(855,348)	(96,090)	(951,438)
Infrastructure	(507,047)	(55,655)	(562,702)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,460,851)	(153,966)	(1,614,817)
Net book value, capital assets being depreciated	1,175,400	62,239	1,237,639
Net book value, all capital assets	\$ 2,096,402	\$ 62,239	\$ 2,158,641

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the Town based on their usage of the related assets. The amounts allocated to each function are as follows:

General government	\$ 115
Public safety	21,495
Highways and streets	130,689
Culture and recreation	1,667
Total depreciation expense	\$ 153,966

NOTE 8 – INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund Balances - The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2018 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
Nonmajor	General	\$ 17,500

The outstanding balances among funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

Interfund Transfers - The composition of interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2018 is as follows:

	Transfers In:			
	General			
		Fund		
Transfers out:				
Nonmajor funds	\$	16,370		

During the year, transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund with collection authority to the fund responsible for expenditure and (2) move general fund resources to provide an annual subsidy.

TOWN OF PLAINFIELD, NEW HAMPSHIRE NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

NOTE 9 - INTERGOVERNMENTAL PAYABLES

Amounts due to other governments of \$3,761,877 at December 31, 2018 are as follows:

General fund:	
Balance of 2018-19 district assessment due to the Plainfield School District	\$ 3,222,285
Agency fund:	
Balance of the expendable trust funds due to the Plainfield School District	365,111
Balance of the expendable trust funds due to the Meriden Village Water District	148,486
Balance of the expendable trust funds due to the Plainfield Village Water District	25,995
Total agency fund	539,592
Total intergovernmental payables due	\$ 3,761,877

NOTE 10 - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred outflows of resources of at December 31, 2018 reported in the governmental activities consist of amounts related to pensions totaling \$238,610 and amounts related to OPEB totaling \$12,936. For further discussion on these amounts, see Note 13 and 14 respectively.

Deferred inflows of resources at December 31, 2018 reported in the governmental funds of \$65,047 consist of deferred property taxes not collected within 60 days of fiscal year-end. Deferred inflows of resources reported in the governmental activities at December 31, 2018 consist of amounts related to pensions totaling \$86,188 and amounts related to OPEB totaling \$323, for further discussion on the governmental activities amounts see Note 13 and 14.

NOTE 11 - CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The Town has entered into certain capital lease agreements under which the related equipment will become the property of the Town when all the terms of the lease agreements are met.

		Pres	ent Value
	Standard	of F	Remaining
	Interest	Payr	nents as of
	Rate	Decem	ber 31, 2018
Capital lease obligations: Police Cruisers	2.50%	\$	43,228

The annual requirements to amortize the capital lease payable as of December 31, 2018, including interest payments, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Governmental Activities	
December 31,		
2019	\$	15,166
2020		15,166
2021		15,165
Total requirements		45,497
Less: interest		2,269
Present value of remaining payments	\$	43,228

TOWN OF PLAINFIELD, NEW HAMPSHIRE NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

NOTE 12 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Changes in the Town's long-term liabilities consisted of the following for the year ended December 31, 2018:

		Balance								
	Jan	uary 1, 2018						Balance	Du	e Within
	(a	s restated)	Add	itions	R	eductions	Decen	nber 31, 2018	O	ne Year
Notes payable	\$	12,500	\$	-	\$	(12,500)	\$	-	\$	-
Capital leases		56,930		-		(13,702)		43,228		14,042
Compensated absences		54,955	!	9,498		-		64,453		-
Pension related liability		1,253,503		-		(55,552)		1,197,951		-
Net other postemployment benefits		67,856	3	3,923		-		101,779		-
Total long-term liabilities	\$	1,445,744	\$ 4.	3,421	\$	(81,754)	\$	1,407,411	\$	14,042

The final payment on the notes payable was due in 2018 and consisted of \$12,500 principal and \$145 interest, for a total of \$12,645.

All debt is general obligation debt of the Town, which is backed by its full faith and credit, and will be repaid from general governmental revenues.

NOTE 13 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description – The New Hampshire Retirement System (NHRS or the System) is a public employee retirement system that administers one cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan (Pension Plan), a component unit of the State of New Hampshire, as defined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25. The Pension Plan was established in 1967 by RSA 100-A:2 and is qualified as a tax-exempt organization under Sections 401(a) and 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Pension Plan is a contributory, defined benefit plan providing service, disability, death and vested retirement benefits to members and their beneficiaries. Substantially all full-time state employees, public school teachers and administrators, permanent firefighters and permanent police officers with in the State are eligible and required to participate in the Pension Plan. The System issues a publicly available financial report that may be obtained by writing the New Hampshire Retirement System, 54 Regional Drive, Concord, NH 03301.

Benefits Provided – The Pension Plan is divided into two membership groups. State and local employees and teachers belong to Group I. Police and firefighters belong to Group II. All assets are held in a single trust and available to pay retirement benefits to all members.

Group I members at age 60 or 65 (for members who commence service after July 1, 2011) qualify for a normal service retirement allowance based on years of creditable service and average final salary for the highest of either three or five years, depending on when their service commenced. The yearly pension amount is 1/60 or 1.667% of average final compensation (AFC) multiplied by years of creditable service. At age 65, the yearly pension amount is recalculated at 1/66 or 1.515% of AFC multiplied by years of creditable service.

Group II members who are age 60, or members who are at least age 45 with at least 20 years of creditable service, can receive a retirement allowance at a rate of 2.5% of AFC for each year of creditable service, not to exceed 40 years. Members commencing service on or after July 1, 2011 or members who have nonvested status as of January 1, 2012 can receive a retirement allowance at age 52.5 with 25 years of service or age 60. The benefit shall be equal to 2% of AFC times creditable service up to 42.5 years. However, a member who commenced service on or after July 1, 2011 shall not receive a retirement allowance until attaining the age of 52.5, but may receive a reduced allowance after age 50 if the member has at least 25 years of creditable service where the allowance shall be reduced, for each month by which the member attains 52.5 years of age by ½ of 1% or age 60.

Members of both groups may qualify for vested deferred allowances, disability allowances and death benefit allowances, subject to meeting various eligibility requirements. Benefits are based on AFC or earnable compensation and/or service.

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Contributions - The System is financed by contributions from both the employees and the Town. Member contribution rates are established and may be amended by the State legislature while employer contribution rates are set by the System trustees based on an actuarial valuation. All employees are required to contribute 7% of earnable compensation. For fiscal year 2018, the Town contributed 25.33% for police, 27.79% for fire and 11.08% for other employees. The contribution requirement for the fiscal year 2018 was \$51,643, which was paid in full.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – At December 31, 2018 the Town reported a liability of \$1,197,951 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating towns and school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the Town's proportion was 0.02487852% which was a decrease of 0.00060959% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Town recognized pension expense of \$134,080. At December 31, 2018 the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	D	eferred	D	eferred
	Ou	tflows of	In	flows of
	Re	esources	Re	esources
Changes in proportion	\$	94,501	\$	48,766
Changes in assumptions		82,904		-
Net difference between projected and actual investment				
earnings on pension plan investments		-		27,722
Differences between expected and actual experience		9,562		9,700
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		51,643		-
Total	\$	238,610	_\$_	86,188

The \$51,643 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions results from the Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	
December 31,	
2019	\$ 61,357
2020	48,886
2021	(427)
2022	 (9,037)
Totals	\$ 100,779

Actuarial Assumptions – The collective total pension liability was determined by a roll forward of the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions which, accordingly apply to 2018 measurements:

Inflation: 2.5%

Salary increases: 5.6% average, including inflation

Wage inflation 3.25%

Investment rate of return: 7.25% net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 employee generational mortality tables for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvements using Scale MP-2015, based on last experience study.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study, which was for the period July 1, 2010 – June 30, 2015.

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Long-term Rates of Return – The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investment was selected from a best estimate range determined using the building block approach. Under this method, an expected future real return range is calculated separately for each asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rate of return net of investment expenses by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Following is a table presenting target allocations and long-term rates of return for 2018:

		Weighted average long-term
	Target	expected real rate of return
Asset Class	Allocation	<u>2018</u>
Large Cap Equities	22.50%	4.25%
Small/Mid Cap Equities	7.50%	4.50%
Total domestic equity	30.00%	
Int'l Equities (unhedged)	13.00%	4.50%
Emerging Int'l Equities	7.00%	6.00%
Total international equity	20.00%	
Core Bonds	4.50%	0.50%
Short Duration	2.50%	(0.25%)
Global Multi-Sector Fixed Income	11.00%	1.80%
Absolute Return Fixed Income	7.00%	1.14%
Total fixed income	25.00%	
Private equity	5.00%	6.25%
Private debt	5.00%	4.25%
Opportunistic	5.00%	2.15%
Total alternative investments	15.00%	
Real estate	10.00%	3.25%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate — The discount rate used to measure the collective total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. For purposes of the projection, member contributions and employer service cost contributions are projected based on the expected payroll of current members only. Employer contributions are determined based on the Pension Plan's actuarial funding policy as required by RSA 100-A:16. Based on those assumptions, the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Pension Plan investment was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the collective total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25% as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

Actuarial	Current Single			
Valuation	1% Decrease	Rate Assumption	1% Increase	
Date	6.25%	7.25%	8.25%	
June 30, 2018	\$ 1,593,884	\$ 1,197,951	\$ 866,147	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued New Hampshire Retirement System Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan financial report.

TOWN OF PLAINFIELD, NEW HAMPSHIRE NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

14-A New Hampshire Retirement System (NHRS)

Plan Description – The New Hampshire Retirement System (NHRS or the System) administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer other postemployment benefit plan medical subsidy healthcare plan (OPEB Plan). For additional system information, please refer to the 2018 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, which can be found on the system's website at www.nhrs.org.

Benefits Provide - Benefit amounts and eligibility requirements for the OPEB Plan are set by state law (RSA 100-A:52, RSA 100-A:52-a and RSA 100-A:52-b), and members are designated in statute by type. The four membership types are Group II, Police Officers and Firefighters; Group I, Teachers; Group I, Political Subdivision Employees; and Group I, State Employees. The OPEB Plan provides a medical insurance subsidy to qualified retired members. The medical insurance subsidy is a payment made by NHRS to the former employer or its insurance administrator toward the cost of health insurance for a qualified retiree, his/her qualified spouse, and his/her certified dependent children with a disability who are living in the household and being cared for by the retiree. If the health insurance premium amount is less than the medical subsidy amount, then only the health insurance premium amount exceeds the medical subsidy amount, then the retiree or other qualified person is responsible for paying any portion that the employer does not pay.

Group I benefits are based on creditable service, age and retirement date. Group II benefits are based on hire date, age and creditable service. The OPEB plan is closed to new entrants.

Maximum medical subsidy rates paid during fiscal year 2018 were as follows:

For qualified retirees not eligible for Medicare, the amounts were \$375.56 for a single-person plan and \$751.12 for a two-person plan.

For those qualified retirees eligible for Medicare, the amounts were \$236.84 for a single-person plan and \$473.68 for a two-person plan.

Contributions – The OPEB Plan is funded by allocating to the 401(h) subtrust the lessor of: 25% of all employer contributions made in accordance with RSA 100-A:16 or the percentage of employer contributions determined by the actuary to be the minimum rate necessary to maintain the benefits provided under RSA 100-A:53-b, RSA 100-A:53-c, and RSA 100-A:53-d. For fiscal year 2018, the minimum rates determined by the actuary to maintain benefits were the lesser of the two options and were used to determine the employer contributions due to the 401(h) subtrust. The State Legislature has the authority to establish, amend and discontinue the contribution requirements of the OPEB Plan. Administrative costs are allocated to the OPEB Plan based on fund balances. For fiscal year 2018, the Town contributed 4.10% for police and fire, and 0.30% for other employees. The contribution requirement for the fiscal year 2018 was \$5,148, which was paid in full.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB – At December 31, 2018, the Town reported a liability of \$101,779 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Town's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating towns and school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the Town's proportion was 0.02223002% which was an increase of 0.00738948% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$40,237. At December 31, 2018, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	De	eferred	Det	erred
	Outflows of		Inflows of	
	Resources		Reso	ources
Changes in proportion	\$	7,191	\$	-
Net difference between projected and actual investment				
earnings on OPEB plan investments		-		323
Differences between expected and actual experience		597		-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		5,148		-
Total	\$	12,936	\$	323

TOWN OF PLAINFIELD, NEW HAMPSHIRE

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

The \$5,148 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB results from the Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	
December 31,	
2019	\$ 7,688
2020	(101)
2021	(101)
2022	(21)
Totals	\$ 7,465

Actuarial Assumptions – The total OPEB liability in this report is based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018 and a measurement date of June 30, 2017. The total OPEB liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Price inflation: 2.5 % per year Wage inflation: 3.25 % per year

Salary increases: 5.6 % average, including inflation

Investment rate of return: 7.25 % net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Health care trend rate: Not applicable, given that the benefits are fixed stipends

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 healthy annuitant and employee generational mortality tables for males and females with credibility adjustments, adjusted for fully generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2015, based on last experience study.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study, which was for the period July 1, 2010 – June 30, 2015.

Long-term Rates of Return – The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investment was selected from a best estimate range determined using the building block approach. Under this method, an expected future real return range is calculated separately for each asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rate of return net of investment expenses by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Following is a table presenting target allocations and long-term rates of return for 2018:

	Target	Weighted average long-term expected real rate of return
Asset Class	Allocation	2018
Large Cap Equities	22.50%	4.25%
Small/Mid Cap Equities	7.50%	4.50%
Total domestic equity	30.00%	
Int'l Equities (unhedged)	13.00%	4.50%
Emerging Int'l Equities	7.00%	6.00%
Total international equity	20.00%	
Core Bonds	4.50%	0.50%
Short Duration	2.50%	(0.25%)
Global Multi-Sector Fixed Income	11.00%	1.80%
Absolute Return Fixed Income	7.00%	1.14%
Total fixed income	25.00%	
Private equity	5.00%	6.25%
Private debt	5.00%	4.25%
Opportunistic	5.00%	2.15%
Total alternative investments	15.00%	
Real estate	10.00%	3.25%
Total	100.00%	

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Discount Rate — The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018 was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made under the current statute RSA 100-A:16 and that plan member contributions will be made under RSA 100-A:16. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the collective total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table presents the Town's proportionate share of the OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25% as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

Actuarial	Current Single			
Valuation 1% Decreas		1% Decrease Rate Assumption		
Date 6.25%		7.25%	8.25%	
June 30, 2018	\$ 105,932	\$ 101,779	\$ 90,146	

Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Assumption – GASB No. 75 requires the sensitivity of the OPEB liability to the healthcare cost trend assumption. Since the medical subsidy benefits are fixed stipends, there is no sensitivity to changes in the healthcare cost trend assumption.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued New Hampshire Retirement System Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit OPEB Plan financial report.

19-B Town of Plainfield Retiree Health Benefit Program

The Town provides postemployment benefit options for health care to eligible retirees, terminated employees, and their dependents in accordance with the provisions of various employment contracts. The benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions are governed by the Town's contractual agreements. Expenses for the cost of providing health insurance for currently enrolled retirees are recognized in the general fund of the funds financial statements as payments are made.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions in 2015. GASB Statement No. 75 requires state and local government employers to recognize the net OPEB liability and the OPEB expense on their financial statements, along with the related deferred outflows and inflows of resources. The Town has not fully implemented GASB Statement No. 75 at December 31, 2018, or contracted with an actuarial firm to assist in evaluating the impact of this new standard on the Town. The amounts that should be recorded as the net OPEB liability and the OPEB expense is unknown.

NOTE 15 – ENCUMBRANCES

The outstanding encumbrances are amounts needed to pay any commitments related to purchase orders and contracts that remain unperformed at December 31, 2018 and are as follows:

General fund:
Culture and recreation
\$ 1,302

TOWN OF PLAINFIELD, NEW HAMPSHIRE NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

NOTE 16 – GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES NET POSITION

Governmental activities net position reported on the Statement of Net Position at December 31, 2018 include the following:

	Governmental Activities		
Net investment in capital assets:			
Net book value, all governmental activities capital assets	\$	2,158,641	
Less:			
Capital leases payable		(43,228)	
Total net investment in capital assets		2,115,413	
Restricted net position:			
Perpetual care - nonexpendable		375,612	
Perpetual care - expendable		5,008	
Library		234,837	
Total restricted net position		615,457	
Unrestricted		345,306	
Total net position	\$	3,076,176	

NOTE 17 – GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES

Governmental fund balances reported on the fund financial statements at December 31, 2018 include the following:

			Total		
	General	Nonmajor	Governmental Funds		
	Fund	Funds			
Nonspendable:					
Permanent fund - principal balance	\$ -	\$ 375,612	\$ 375,612		
Restricted:					
Library	234,837	-	234,837		
Permanent - income balance	-	5,008	5,008		
Total restricted fund balance	234,837	5,008	239,845		
Committed:					
Expendable trust	499,265	-	499,265		
Conservation/Land use		125,534	125,534		
Total committed fund balance	499,265	125,534	624,799		
Assigned:					
Encumbrances	1,302	_	1,302		
Unassigned	893,869	-	893,869		
Total governmental fund balances	\$ 1,629,273	\$ 506,154	\$ 2,135,427		

NOTE 18 – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

Net position at January 1, 2018 was restated to give retroactive effect to the following prior period adjustment:

		Government-wide Statements	
To restate for the cumulative changes related to	¢	(50,007)	
implementation of GASB No. 75, see Note 2-C	\$	(59,007)	
Net position, as previously reported		2,991,007	
Net position, as restated	\$	2,932,000	

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

NOTE 19 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or natural disasters. During fiscal year 2018, the Town was a member of the New Hampshire Public Risk Management Exchange (Primex³) Workers' Compensation and Property/Liability Programs.

The New Hampshire Public Risk Management Exchange (Primex³) Workers' Compensation and Property/Liability Programs are pooled risk management programs under RSAs 5-B and 281-A. Coverage was provided from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2018 by Primex³, which retained \$1,000,000 of each workers' compensation loss, \$500,000 of each liability loss, and \$200,000 of each property loss. The Board has decided to self-insure the aggregate exposure and has allocated funds based on actuarial analysis for that purpose. The workers' compensation section of the self-insurance membership agreement permits Primex³ to make additional assessments to members should there be a deficiency in contributions for any member year, not to exceed the member's annual contribution. GASB Statement No. 10 requires members of a pool with a sharing risk to disclose if such an assessment is probable, and a reasonable estimate of the amount, if any. At this time, Primex³ foresees no likelihood of any additional assessment for this or any prior year.

The Town continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 20 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events are events or transactions that occur after the balance sheet date, but before the financial statements are issued. Recognized subsequent events are events or transactions that provided additional evidence about conditions that existed at the balance sheet date, including the estimates inherent in the process of preparing the financial statements. Nonrecognized subsequent events are events that provide evidence about conditions that did not exist at the balance sheet date, but arose after the date. Management has evaluated subsequent events through June 25, 2019, the date the December 31, 2018 financial statements were available to be issued, and no events occurred that require recognition or disclosure.

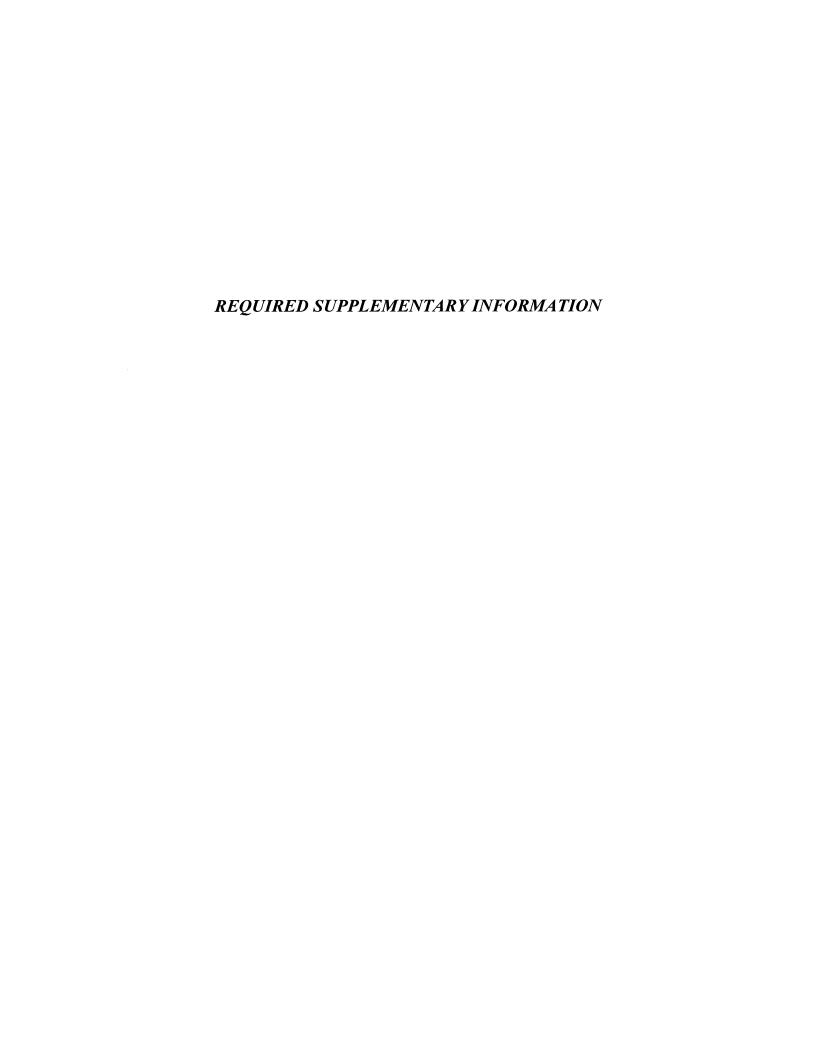


EXHIBIT F TOWN OF PLAINFIELD, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability New Hampshire Retirement System Cost Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plan For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2018

	December 31,							
	2014	2015 2016			2017		2018	
Town's proportion of the net pension liability	0.02%	0.02%	0.02%		0.03%		0.02%	
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 895,268	\$ 915,894	\$ 1,170,236	\$	1,253,503	\$	1,197,951	
Town's covered payroll	\$ 551,929	\$ 564,553	\$ 567,054	\$	679,091	\$	685,844	
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	162.21%	162.23%	206.37%		184.59%		174.67%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	66.32%	65.47%	58.30%		62.66%		64.73%	

EXHIBIT G

TOWN OF PLAINFIELD, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Schedule of Town Contributions - Pensions

New Hampshire Retirement System Cost Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plan For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2018

December 31,

	September 1	2014		2015		2016		2017	 2018
Contractually required contribution	\$	77,378	\$	77,564	\$	78,802	\$	93,374	\$ 105,151
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions		77,378		77,564		78,802		93,374	105,151
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_		-	\$
Town's covered payroll	\$	551,929	\$	564,553	\$	567,054	\$	679,091	\$ 685,844
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.02%		13.74%		13.90%		13.75%	15.33%

TOWN OF PLAINFIELD, NEW HAMPSHIRE

NOTE TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PENSION LIABILITY

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Town Contributions - Pensions

As required by GASB Statement No. 68, and as amended by GASB Statement No. 71, Exhibits F and G represent the actuarial determined costs associated with the Town's pension plan at December 31, 2018. These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates for Fiscal Year 2018:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage-of-Payroll, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period 21 years beginning July 1, 2018 (30 years beginning July 1, 2009)

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smooth market for funding purposes

Price Inflation 2.5% per year Wage Inflation 3.25% per year

Salary Increases 5.6% Average, including inflation

Municipal Bond Rate 3.62% per year

Investment Rate of Return 7.25% per year, net of investment expenses, including inflation

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last

updated for the 2015 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2010-2015.

Mortality RP-2014 Employee generational mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality

improvements using Scale MP -2015, based in the last experience study.

Other Information:

Notes Contribution rates for fiscal year 2018 were determined based on the benefit changes adopted

under House Bill No. 2 as amended by 011-2513-CofC.

EXHIBIT H TOWN OF PLAINFIELD, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Liability New Hampshire Retirement System Cost Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plan For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Decembe	r 31,	
	2017	2018	_
Town's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.01%	0.029	‰
Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 67,856	\$ 101,779)
Town's covered payroll	\$ 679,091	\$ 685,844	4
Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	9.99%	14.849	%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	7.91%	7.539	%

EXHIBIT I TOWN OF PLAINFIELD, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Schedule of Town Contributions - Other Postemployment Benefits New Hampshire Retirement System Cost Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plan For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Decen	nber 31,
	2017	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ 8,796	\$ 9,833
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	8,796	9,833
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -
Town's covered payroll	\$ 679,091	\$ 685,844
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.30%	1.43%

The Note to the Required Supplementary Information – Other Postemployment Benefit Liability is an integral part of this schedule.

TOWN OF PLAINFIELD, NEW HAMPSHIRE

NOTE TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT LIABILITY

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Schedule of Town Contributions – Other Postemployment Benefits

As required by GASB Statement No. 75, Exhibits H and I represent the actuarial determined costs associated with the Town's other postemployment benefits at December 31, 2018. These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

There were no changes to benefit terms or assumptions in the current actuarial valuation report.

Methods and Assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage-of-Payroll, Closed
Remaining Amortization Period Not applicable under statutory funding
Asset Valuation Method 5-year smooth market: 20% corridor

Price Inflation 2.5% per year Wage Inflation 3.25% per year

Salary Increases 5.6% Average, including inflation

Municipal Bond Rate 3.62% per year

Investment Rate of Return 7.25% per year, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation for determining

solvency contributions

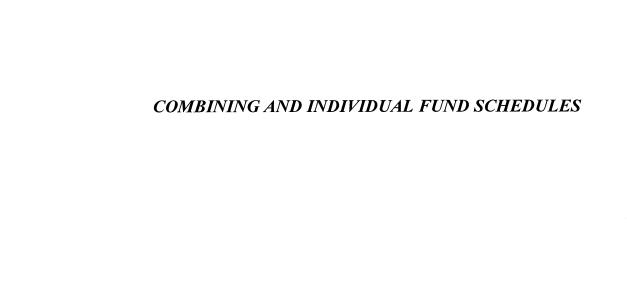
Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last

updated for the 2015 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2010-2015.

Mortality RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant and Employee generational mortality tables for males and

females with credibility adjustments, adjusted for fully generational mortality improvements

using Scale MP-2015, based on the last experience study.



SCHEDULE 1 TOWN OF PLAINFIELD, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Major General Fund

Schedule of Estimated and Actual Revenues (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2018

T	Estimated	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Taxes:	Ф. 1.550.024	f. 1.500.221	Ф. 26.40 7
Property	\$ 1,552,834	\$ 1,589,321	\$ 36,487
Land use change	9,490	-	(9,490)
Yield	25,000	24,463	(537)
Excavation	-	154	154
Payment in lieu of taxes	1,000	-	(1,000)
Interest and penalties on taxes	55,000	47,320	(7,680)
Total from taxes	1,643,324	1,661,258	17,934
Licenses, permits, and fees:			
Business licenses, permits, and fees	6,000	5,639	(361)
Motor vehicle permit fees	535,000	586,763	51,763
Other	75,000	95,633	20,633
Total from licenses, permits, and fees	616,000	688,035	72,035
Intergovernmental: State:			
Meals and rooms distribution	123,386	123,476	90
Highway block grant	217,592	217,525	(67)
State and federal forest land reimbursement	73	-	(73)
Other	20,000	20,960	960
Total from intergovernmental	361,051	361,961	910
Charges for services:			
Income from departments	40,500	46,432	5,932
Miscellaneous:			
Sale of municipal property	3,000	5,337	2,337
Interest on investments	3,000	4,930	1,930
Other	5,000	10,490	5,490
Total from miscellaneous	11,000	20,757	9,757
Other financing sources:			
Transfers in	267,443	275,933	8,490
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$ 2,939,318	\$ 3,054,376	\$ 115,058

SCHEDULE 2 TOWN OF PLAINFIELD, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Major General Fund

Schedule of Appropriations, Expenditures, and Encumbrances (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2018

	from Prior Year	Appropriations	Expenditures	Encumbered to Subsequent Year	Variance Positive (Negative)
Current:					
General government:					
Executive	\$ -	\$ 213,350	\$ 217,643	\$ -	\$ (4,293)
Election and registration	-	16,330	16,857	-	(527)
Financial administration	-	71,450	74,088	-	(2,638)
Revaluation of property	-	57,981	58,777	-	(796)
Legal	-	13,000	4,541	-	8,459
Personnel administration	-	9,500	9,789	-	(289)
Planning and zoning	-	1,700	1,222	-	478
General government buildings	-	20,242	21,067	_	(825)
Cemeteries	-	36,100	34,618	_	1,482
Insurance, not otherwise allocated	_	56,500	54,787	-	1,713
Advertising and regional associations	-	6,100	5,728	-	372
Total general government	_	502,253	499,117	_	3,136
Public safety:					
Police	_	412,688	433,368	_	(20,680)
Ambulance	_	37,000	37,065	_	(65)
Fire	_	99,500	98,251	_	1,249
Building inspection	_	11,900	11,296	_	604
Emergency management	_	250	11,270	_	250
Other	_	36,100	34,574	_	1,526
Total public safety		597,438	614,554		(17,116)
•					(17,110)
Highways and streets:		21.550	22.504		(1.044)
Administration	-	21,550	22,594	-	(1,044)
Highways and streets	-	986,007	1,015,632	-	(29,625)
Street lighting	-	12,000	9,512	- '	2,488
Other		117,360	55,324	-	62,036
Total highways and streets		1,136,917	1,103,062		33,855
Sanitation:					
Solid waste collection	-	167,000	166,646	-	354
Solid waste disposal		49,310	54,437		(5,127)
Total sanitation		216,310	221,083	_	(4,773)
Health:					
Administration	_	18,485	11,690	_	6,795
Pest control	-	500	155	_	345
Total health		18,985	11,845		7,140
W-16					
Welfare:		14.404	21 206		(6,002)
Administration and direct assistance		14,494	21,396	_	(6,902)
Culture and recreation:					
Parks and recreation	-	19,000	19,442	-	(442)
Library	4,000	176,771	173,348	1,302	6,121
Patriotic purposes		1,500	1,286		214
Total culture and recreation	4,000	197,271	194,076	1,302	5,893
Conservation		500	734		(234)

(Continued)

SCHEDULE 2 (Continued) TOWN OF PLAINFIELD, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Major General Fund

Schedule of Appropriations, Expenditures, and Encumbrances (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Encumbered from Prior Year	Appropriations	Expenditures	Encumbered to Subsequent Year	Variance Positive (Negative)
Debt service:					
Principal of long-term debt	-	12,500	12,500	-	-
Interest on long-term debt		150	145		5
Total debt service	-	12,650	12,645	-	5
Other financing uses:					
Transfers out	-	242,500	242,500	-	
Total appropriations, expenditures, other financing uses, and encumbrances	\$ 4,000	\$ 2,939,318	\$ 2,921,012	\$ 1,302	\$ 21,004

SCHEDULE 3 TOWN OF PLAINFIELD, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Major General Fund

Schedule of Changes in Unassigned Fund Balance For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2018

Unassigned fund balance, beginning (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)		\$	782,854
2018 Budget summary:			
Revenue surplus (Schedule 1)	\$ 115,058		
Unexpended balance of appropriations (Schedule 2)	21,004		
2018 Budget surplus			136,062
Unassigned fund balance, ending (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)			918,916
Reconciliation on Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis to GAAP Basis			
To record deferred property taxes not collected within 60 days of the			
fiscal year-end, not recognized on a budgetary basis			(65,047)
Elimination of the allowance for uncollectible taxes			40,000
Unassigned fund balance, ending, GAAP basis (Exhibit C-1)		_\$	893,869

SCHEDULE 4 TOWN OF PLAINFIELD, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2018

	Spec	ial Revenue Fu			
			Land		
	Conservation	Commission	Use	Permanent	
	Operating	Forestry	Change	Fund	Total
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 62,147	\$ 62,147
Investments	88,611	19,423	-	318,473	426,507
Interfund receivable	8,750		8,750		17,500
Total assets	\$ 97,361	\$ 19,423	\$ 8,750	\$ 380,620	\$ 506,154
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 375,612	\$ 375,612
Restricted	-	-	-	5,008	5,008
Committed	97,361	19,423	8,750	-	125,534
Total fund balances	\$ 97,361	\$ 19,423	\$ 8,750	\$ 380,620	\$ 506,154

SCHEDULE 5 TOWN OF PLAINFIELD, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Special Revenue Funds									
					I	Land				
	Co	nservation	Com	mission		Use	P	ermanent		
	O	Operating		Forestry		Change		Fund		Total
Revenues:										
Taxes	\$	8,750	\$	-	\$	8,750	\$	-	\$	17,500
Miscellaneous		1,577		353				32,393		34,323
Total revenues		10,327		353		8,750		32,393		51,823
Other financing uses:										
Transfers out						(9,490)		(6,880)		(16,370)
Net change in fund balances		10,327		353		(740)		25,513		35,453
Fund balances, beginning		87,034		19,070		9,490		355,107		470,701
Fund balances, ending	\$	97,361	\$	19,423	\$	8,750	\$	380,620	\$	506,154